



**The Software
Engineering Institute**

Pattern-Based Analysis of an Embedded Real-Time System Architecture

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Outline

Introduction to SAE AADL Standard

- The case study
- Towards preemptive scheduling
- Partition scheduling
- End-to-end flows
- System redundancy

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SAE Architecture Analysis & Design Language

- Notation for specification of task and communication architectures of Real-time, Embedded, Fault-tolerant, Secure, Safety-critical, Software-intensive systems
- Fields of application: Avionics, Automotive, Aerospace, Autonomous systems, ...
- Based on 15 Years of DARPA funded technologies
- Standard approved by working group in July 2004
- www.aadl.info

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AADL-Based System Engineering

System Analysis

- Schedulability
- Performance
- Reliability
- Fault Tolerance
- Dynamic Configurability

System Integration

- Runtime System Generation
- Application Composition
- System Configuration

Software System Engineer

SAE AADL

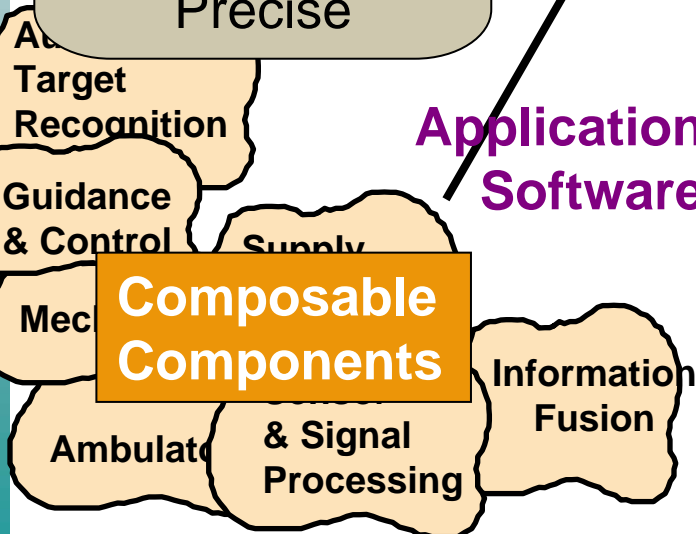
Model the Architecture
Abstract, but Precise

Predictive System Engineering
Reduced Development & Operational Cost

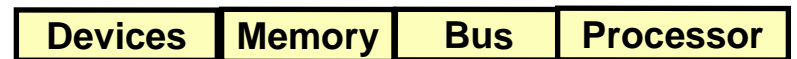
Application Software

Execution Platform

Composable Components



.....





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AADL-Based Pattern Analysis

- SAE AADL employs
 - Components with precisely defined execution semantics
 - Explicit component interactions
 - Separation of concerns
- Pattern-based architecture analysis approach
 - Uses design patterns in analysis
 - Identifies systemic problems early
 - Enables the right choices with confidence
 - Provides analysis-based decisions

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Avionics Systems

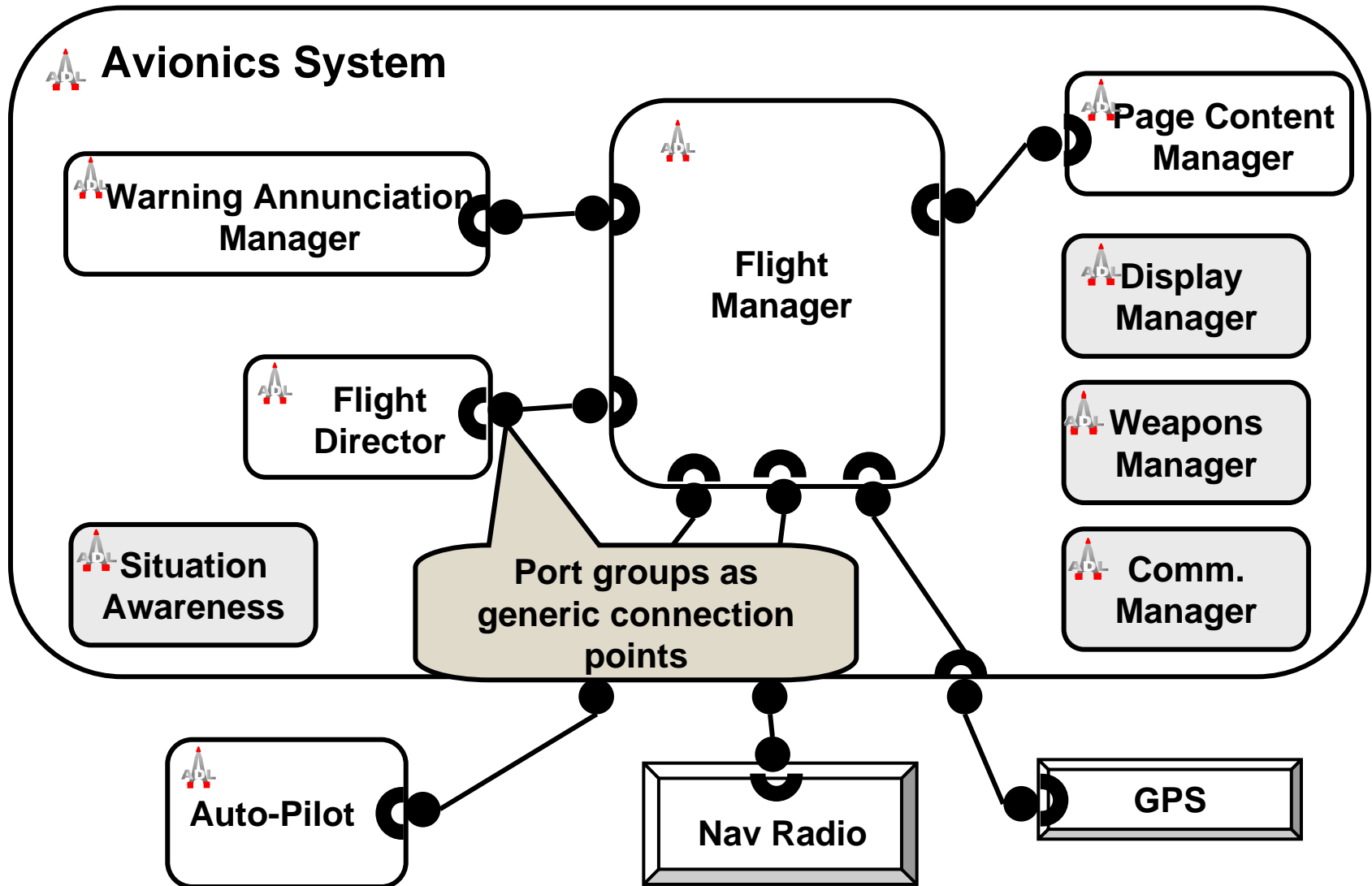
- Embedded avionics system designs are evolving to
 - From federated to integrated systems
 - From static timelines to predictable preemptive scheduling
 - Deterministic signal stream processing
 - Efficient execution and footprint
 - Fault tolerance & reconfiguration
 - Towards extensible system architectures
- There are distinct perspectives in the design
 - control and domain engineers
 - application software engineers
 - system software engineers

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Flight Manager Context Diagram





Outline

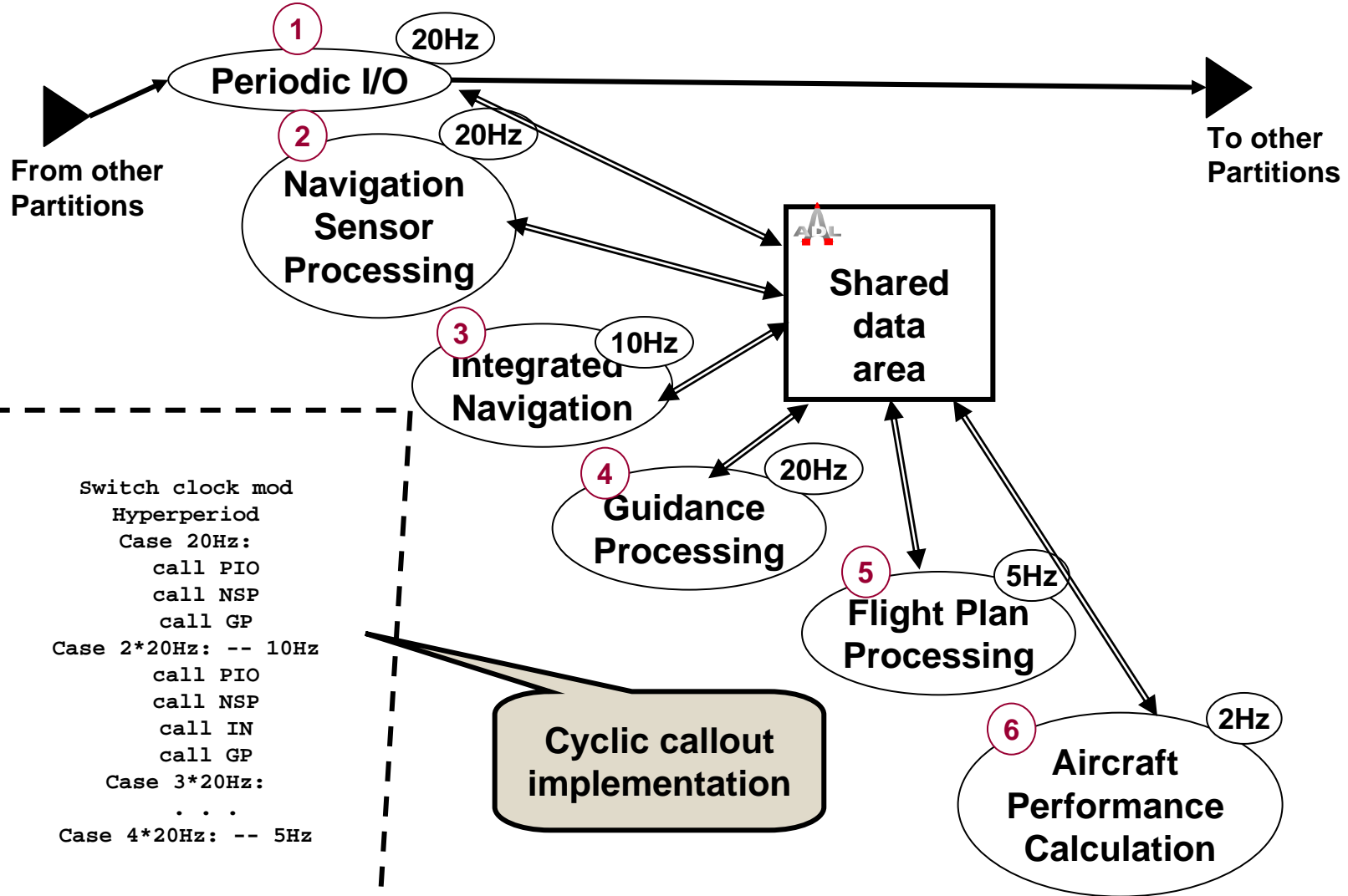
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A Cyclic Executive Implementation



```

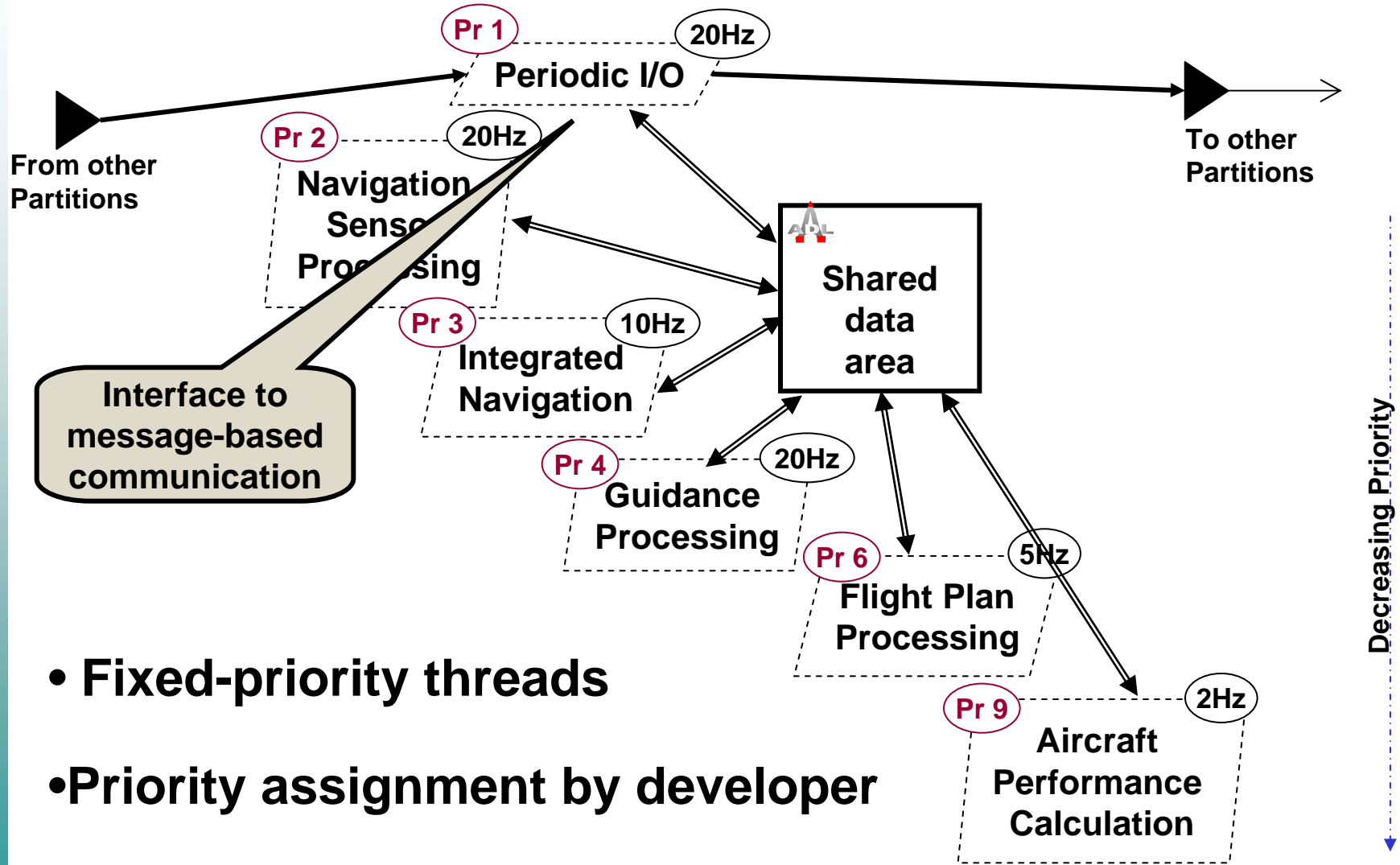
Switch clock mod
Hyperperiod
Case 20Hz:
  call PIO
  call NSP
  call GP
Case 2*20Hz: -- 10Hz
  call PIO
  call NSP
  call IN
  call GP
Case 3*20Hz:
  . . .
Case 4*20Hz: -- 5Hz
  
```

Cyclic callout implementation





A Naïve Thread-based Design



- Fixed-priority threads
- Priority assignment by developer





Design Decisions Taken

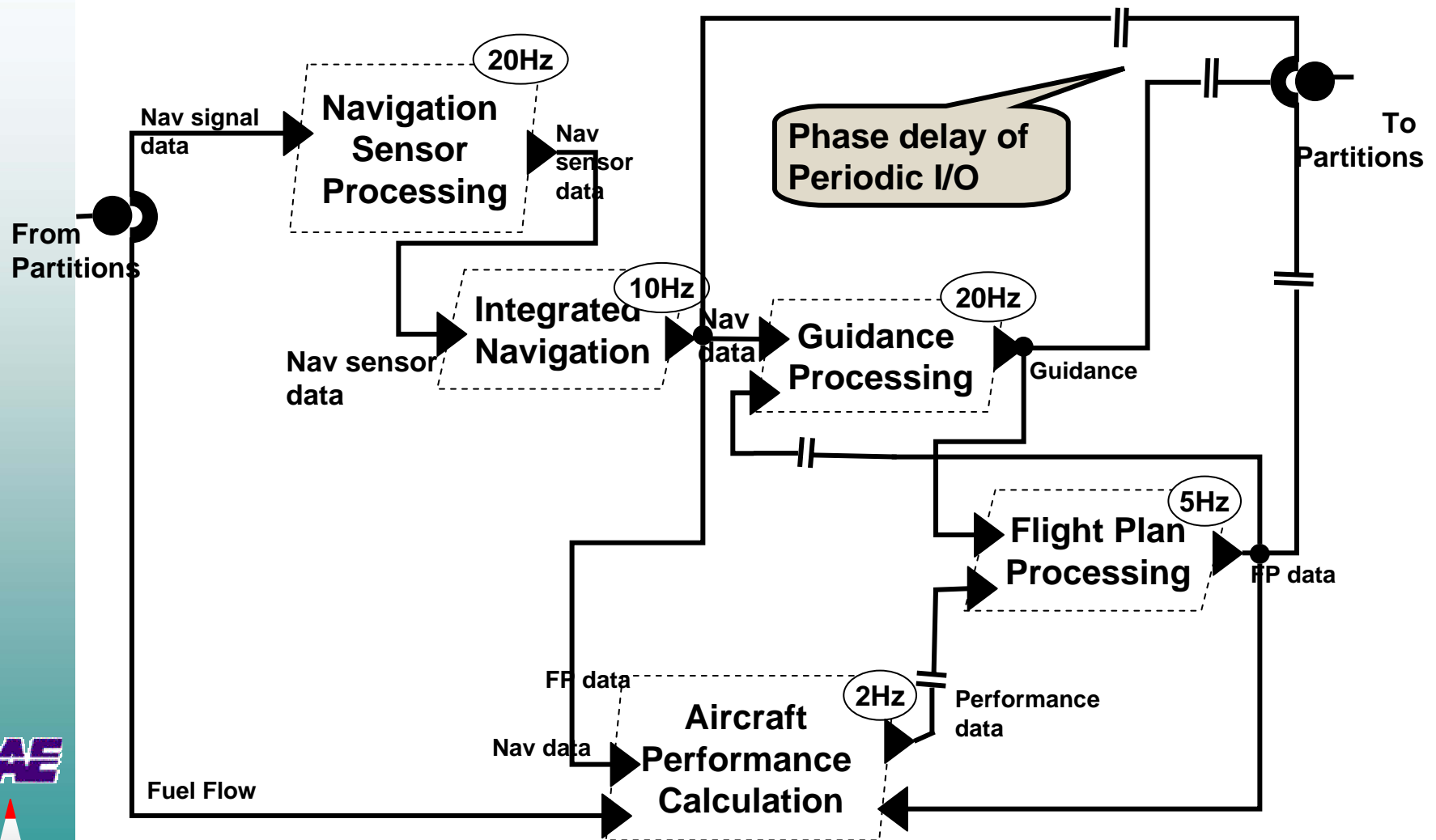
- Shared variable communication within partition
 - Achieve efficient resource utilization
 - Accommodate legacy code
- Preemptive fixed-priority thread scheduling
 - Used Schedulability analysis (RMA) to confirm schedulability
 - Benefit of more flexible system and efficient resource usage
- Priority assignment for precedence ordering to achieve desired flow
 - Needed because of shared data communication
 - Results in potential priority inversion and non-deterministic communication

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Flight Manager in AADL





SAE AADL & Control Processing

- Supports mid-frame communication & single sample delay
- Shows application rates & desired phase delay explicitly
- Focus on what communication is desired, not how it is implemented
- Assures deterministic communication when desired
- Does not prescribe scheduling protocol
- Supports schedulability analysis
- Opens dialogue between control engineers and software system engineers regarding performance tradeoffs

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The Partition Concept

- Found in ARINC 653
- Runtime protected address space
- A virtual processor scheduled on a static timeline
- Contained threads (ARINC processes) are scheduled within the bounds of a scheduled partition
- Different partitions can use different thread scheduling protocols
- Communication of queued and unqueued data
- Inter vs. intra partition communication

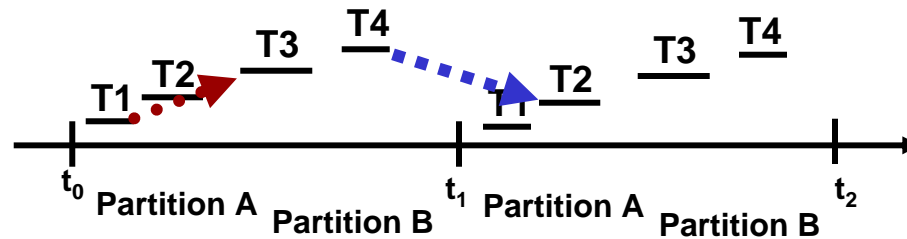
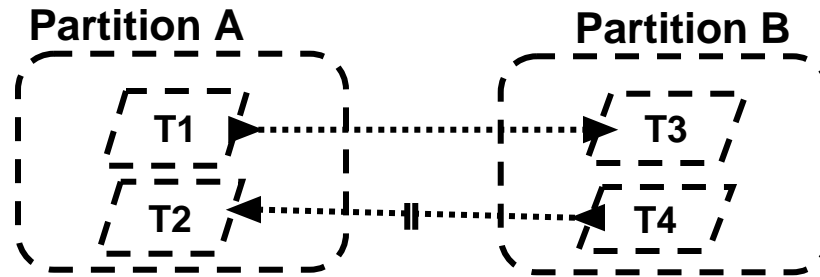
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Partition Order Side Effects

Partition communication via send/receive





Partitioned System Design in AADL

- Partition as a core AADL extension
- Focus on partition order isolation
 - Delayed connections insensitive to partition order
 - Delayed connections insensitive to partition concurrency
 - Delayed connections contribute to latency
- Focus on latency
 - Immediate connections reduce latency
 - Immediate connections constrain partition order
 - Immediate connection cycles
 - Direct cycle: $P_A.T1 \rightarrow P_B.T2 \rightarrow P_A.T3$
 - Pair-wise cyclic: $P_A.T1 \rightarrow P_B.T2$ & $P_B.T4 \rightarrow P_A.T3$
- Focus on flexibility
 - Acceptable variation in phase delay

Detectable by analysis

Document as property





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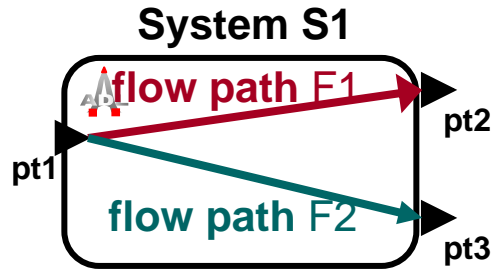
Connection Patterns

- Connection sequences
 - Pipeline, flow
- Connection tree
 - Branching flow
 - Different endpoint latencies
- Directed acyclic graph (DAG)
 - Flow with merge points
 - Phase delay difference of branches at merge point
 - Effects of phase delay oscillation in non-deterministic case
- Cyclic connections
 - Feedback control, action/observation
 - Phase delay breaks cycle

Analyzable in AADL

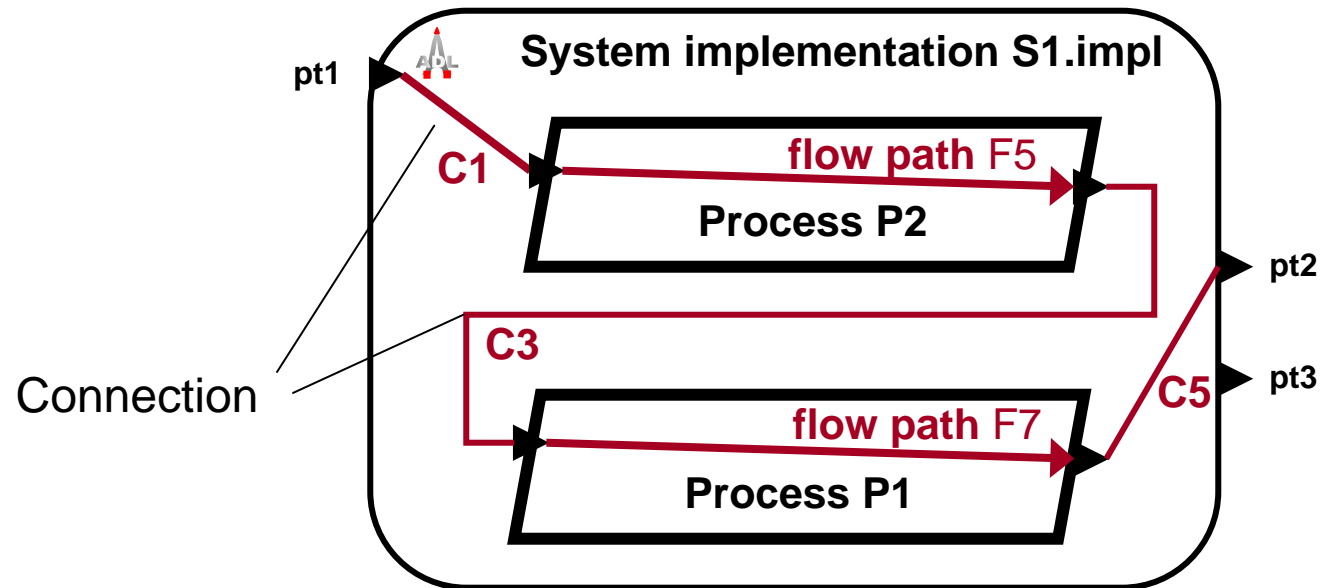


Flow Specification in AADL



Flow Specification

flow path F1: pt1 → pt2
 flow path F2: pt1 → pt3



Flow Implementation

flow path F1: pt1 → C1 → P2.F5 → C3 → P1.F7 → C5 → pt2





Data Stream Latency Analysis

- Flow specifications in AADL
 - Properties on flows: expected & actual end-to-end latency
 - Properties on ports: expected incoming & end latency
- End-to-end latency contributors
 - Delayed connections result in sampling latency
 - Immediate periodic & aperiodic sequences result in cumulative execution time latency
- Phase delay shift & oscillation
 - Noticeable at flow merge points
 - Variation interpreted as noisy signal to controller

Potential hazard

Latency calculation &
jitter accumulation

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Other Flow Characteristics

- Miss rate of data stream
 - Accommodates incomplete sensor readings
 - Allows for controlled deadline misses
- State vs. state delta communication
 - Data reduction technique
 - Implies requirement for guaranteed delivery
- Data accuracy
 - Reading accuracy
 - Computational error accumulation
- Message acknowledgment semantics
 - In terms of flow steps

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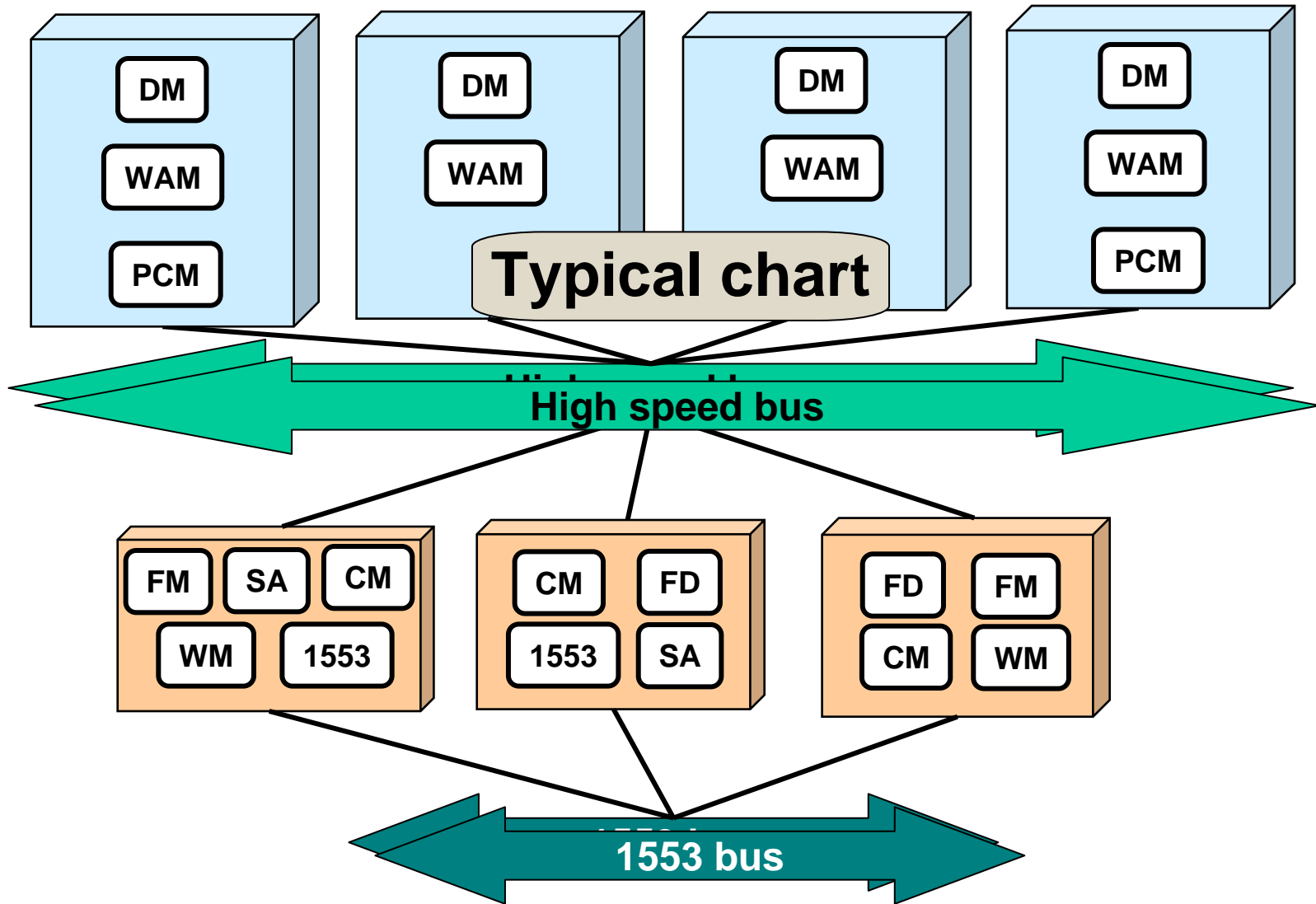
System redundancy

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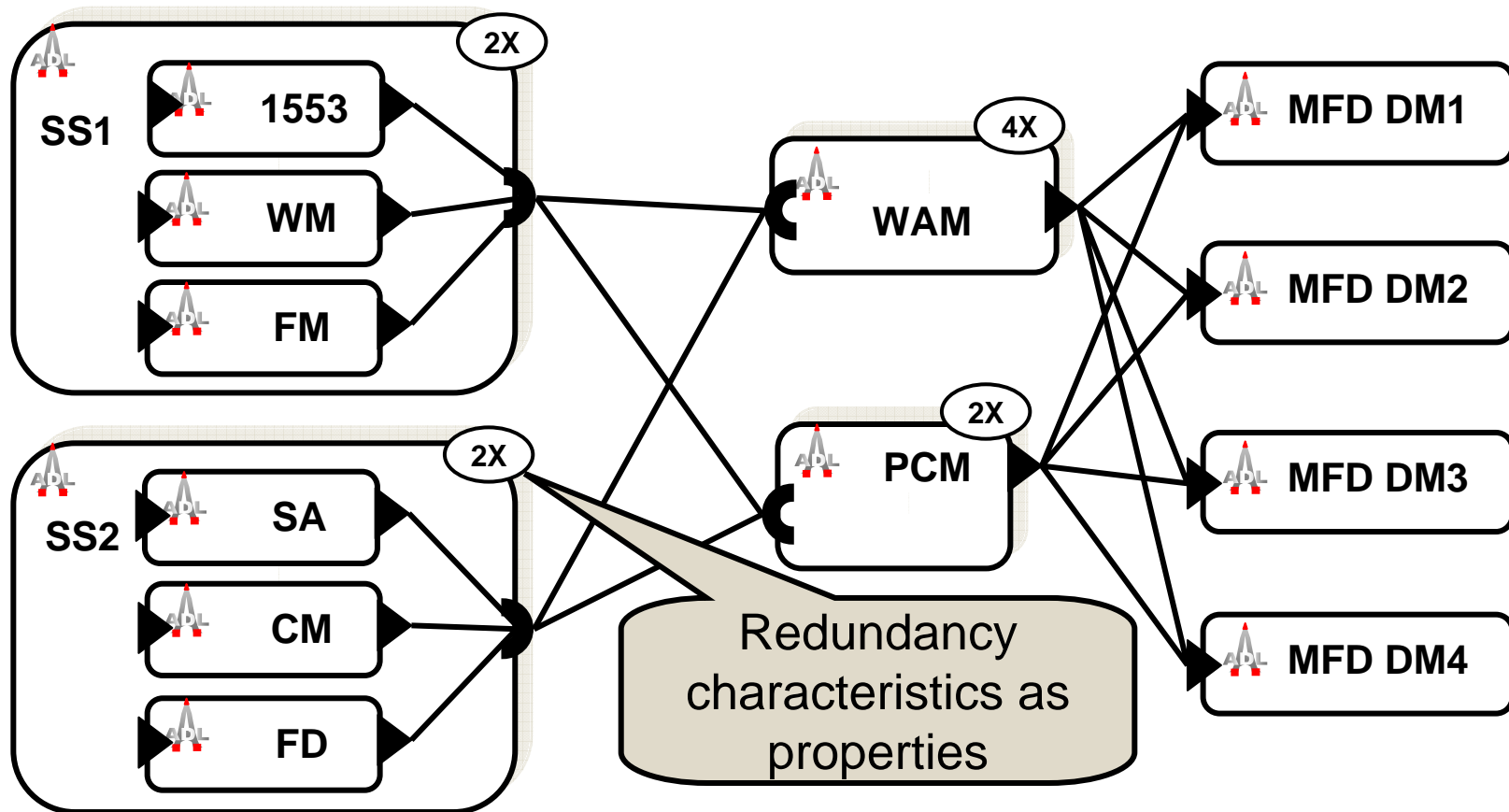
System Redundancy





Redundancy Specification

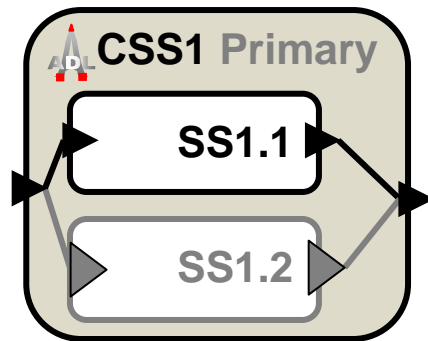
- Redundancy abstraction
- Co-location constraints on execution platform binding



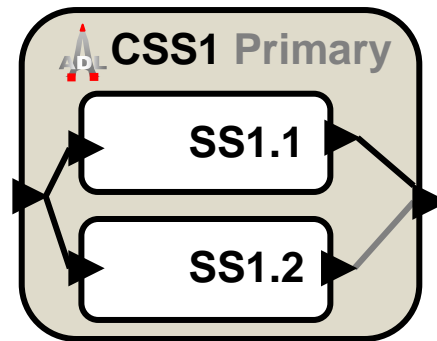


Primary/Backup Patterns

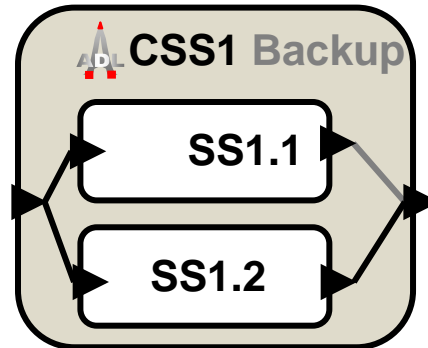
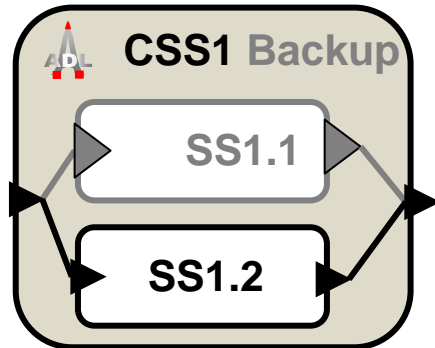
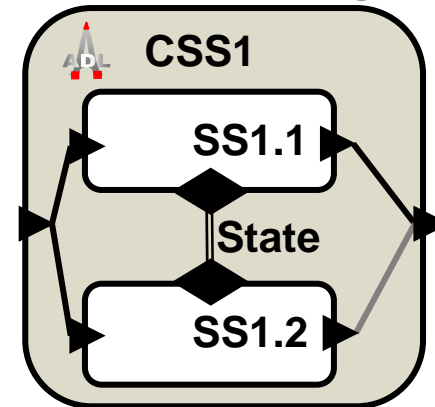
Passive Backup



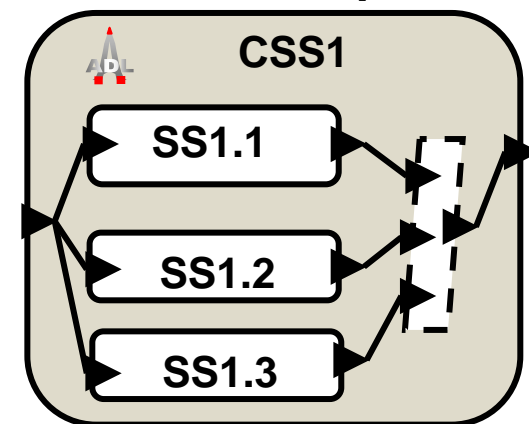
Hot Standby



Continuous State Exchange



Voted Output





Observations On System Redundancy

- Redundancy as an abstraction
 - Multiple redundant instances
 - Grouping of redundant instances
 - Redundancy protocol selection
 - Deployment constraints
- Redundancy mechanism as pattern
 - An orthogonal architecture view
 - Nominal & anomalous behavior
 - Modeling of redundancy logic

Understandable and analyzable





Final Observations

We demonstrated a pattern-based analysis approach

- Use of SAE AADL as notation for capturing architecture patterns in actual systems
- Early identification of systemic issues thanks to precise execution semantics of SAE AADL

Full scale architecture modeling and analysis provides prediction and validation of non-functional properties

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